

Mandarin
10月01号

https://www.classtools.net/random-name-picker/40_iFaaAM

1 Match the words with the meanings.

1 天气

2 暖和

3 温差

4 气温

5 空气

a air temperature

b air

c weather

d temperature difference

e warm

We need to go back to revising these written characters – so that we can move forward to the goal of 200 common characters.

This week, revise the characters on this page – but when I test you, I'll also through in some earlier ones too.

94. Foot (zu2) (both forms)

95. Walk, go (zou3)

96. To rise, start (qi3)

97. with/and (gen)

98. Every

99. Road (lu4)

100. Company (si1)

101. Word (ci2)

102. Same (tong2)

103. Public (gong1)

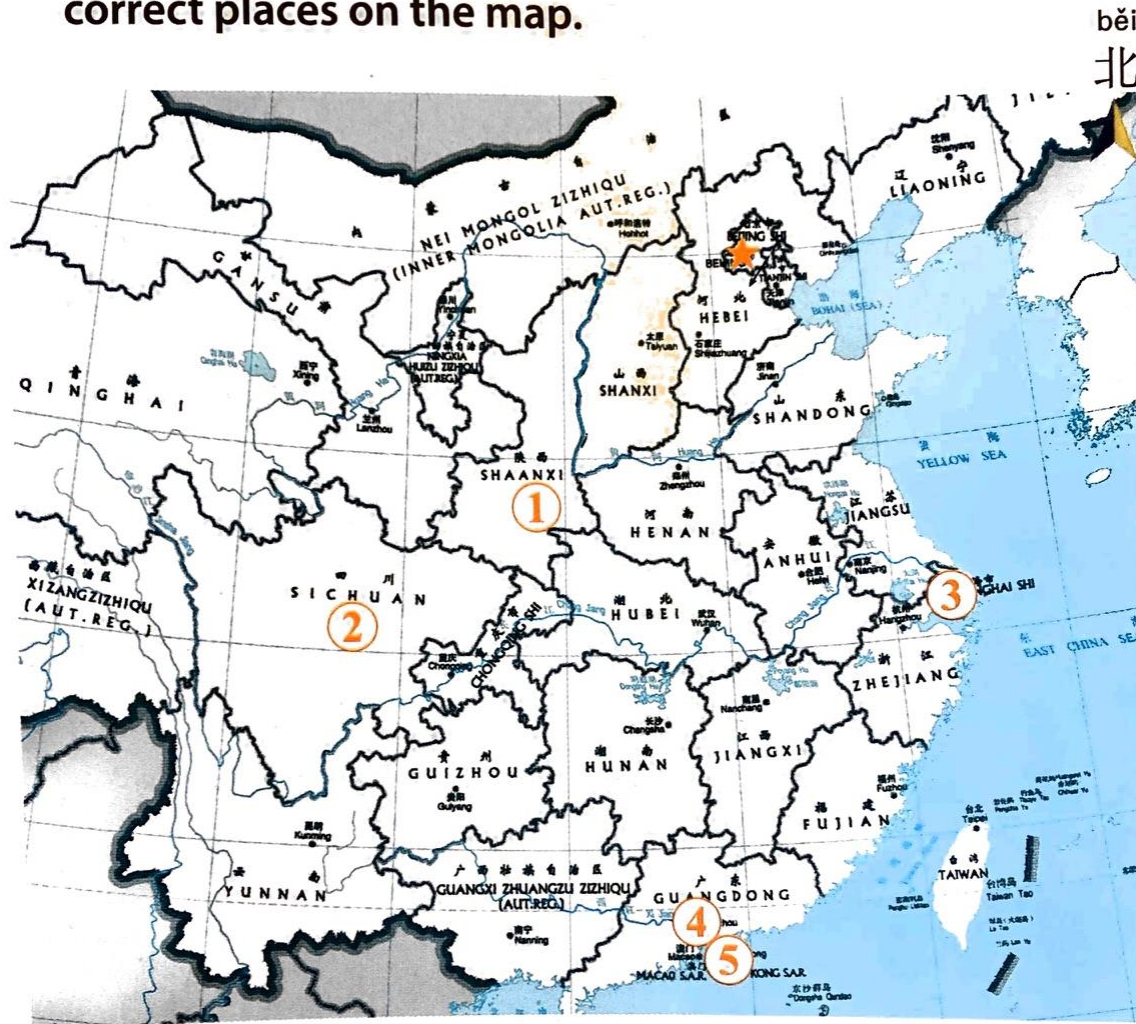
104. What (shen2me)

105. to receive (shou4)

106. to love (ai4)

107. vegetables, dishes, food
(cai4)

4 Listen and match the letters of the cities to the correct places on the map.



- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|---------------|---|-----------------|
| a | Běijīng
北京 | c | Xī'ān
西安 | e | Guǎngzhōu
广州 |
| b | Shànghǎi
上海 | d | Chéngdū
成都 | f | Xiānggǎng
香港 |

北京

北京是中国的首都。北京在中国的东北部。人口很多，21 54 2 000 人左右。北京的冬天很冷，夏天很热。北京的历史很长。北京有名的地方真多，例如，有故宫，颐和园 等等。但是北京也是一个很现代化的城市，因为有很多商场，大学，还有饭馆。我明年想去北京玩儿。我特别想吃北京烤鸭。

Big numbers

- The pages below explain how big numbers are conceived and recorded in Chinese. The last page give you a chance to try out it out yourself 'translating' and recording numbers.
- **NB – the book I have taken this writes every Chinese characters twice: in simplified characters and then in traditional. So just disregard the second version each time – the explanation and task are both actually a lot shorter than they look.**
- This bit of the homework is optional!
- In addition, work on your written characters and start to prepare your 'speech' on your Chinese city of choice

Chinese distinguishes the categories of tens, hundreds, thousands, ten-thousands, and hundred millions. Numbers between ten thousand and one-hundred million are read in terms of the number of *ten-thousands* that they contain. Compare the way that English and Chinese read the following numbers.

	<i>English</i>	<i>Chinese</i>
1,000	one thousand	一千 yī qiān one thousand
10,000	ten thousand	一万/一萬 yī wàn one ten-thousand
100,000	one hundred thousand	十万/十萬 shí wàn ten ten-thousands
1,000,000	one million	百万/百萬 bǎi wàn one hundred ten-thousands
10,000,000	ten million	千万/千萬 qiān wàn one thousand ten-thousands
100,000,000	one hundred million	亿/億 yì
1,000,000,000	one billion	十亿/十億 shí yì ten one hundred-millions

Observe how these numbers are read in Chinese.

	亿/億 <i>yì</i>	万/萬 <i>wàn</i>	千 <i>qiān</i>	百 <i>bǎi</i>	十 <i>shí</i>
25,250		两万 兩萬 liǎng wàn	五千 wǔqiān	二百 èrbǎi	五十 wǔshí
225,250		二十二万 二十二萬 èrshí'èr wàn	五千 wǔqiān	二百 èrbǎi	五十 wǔshí
2,225,250		两百二十二万 兩百二十二萬 liǎngbǎi èrshí'èr wàn	五千 wǔqiān	二百 èrbǎi	五十 wǔshí
22,225,250		两千二百二十二万 兩千二百二十二萬 liǎngqiān èrbǎi èrshí'èr wàn	五千 wǔqiān	二百 èrbǎi	五十 wǔshí
522,225,250	五亿 五億 wǔ yì	两千二百二十二万 兩千二百二十二萬 liǎngqiān èrbǎi èrshí'èr wàn	五千 wǔqiān	二百 èrbǎi	五十 wǔshí

Complete the table by writing the Arabic numerals in Chinese and the Chinese numbers as Arabic numerals.

<i>Arabic numerals</i>	<i>Chinese numbers</i>
a. 1,276	
b.	三万五千六百三十四 三萬五千六百三十四 sānwàn wǔqiān liùbǎi sānshísì
c. 256,758	
d.	九百六十万 九百六十萬 jiǔbǎi liù shí wàn
e. 1,893,683	
f. 3,027	
g.	三十七万零三十五 三十七萬零三十五 sānshí qī wàn líng sānshí wǔ
h. 279,005	
i.	三百零七万九千零一 三百零七萬九千零一 sānbǎi líng qī wàn jiǔqiān líng yī
j.	六千六百万九千三百八十 六千六百二十萬九千三百八十 liùqiān liùbǎi èrshí wàn jiǔqiān sānbǎi bāshí